

Liceo Statale “P. E. Imbriani”Avellino

Programma di Inglese

Classe I A s

A.S. 2016/2017

Prof ssa Bianca Maria Malanga

Dal testo- FLASH FORWARD 1 - L. Prodromou- ELi

Unit 1 Welcome to the LAC !

Grammar: ToBe; Have got; Wh- questions + be; Possessive adjectives; Possessive's.

Functions: Talking about personal possessions; Giving personal information.

Unit 2 Routines

Grammar: Present simple; Prepositions of time; Prepositions of place.

Functions: Talking about daily routines; Describing a room.

Unit 3 Holidays

Grammar: Adverbs of frequency; Verbs of preference + -ing; Object pronouns.

Functions: Expressing preferences; Asking for travel information.

Unit 4 Fashion Stories

Grammar: Present continuous; Present continuous vs. Present simple.

Functions: Describing people's clothes; Shopping for clothes.

Unit 5 Food for all

Grammar: Countable/Uncountable nouns; Some/Any; How Much/Many...?; too much/many, a lot of, a little, a few, not much/many, enough.

Functions: Talking about food preferences; Talking about quantities.

Unit 6 New Talents

Grammar: Can/Can't; Degrees of ability; Good/Bad at; Interested in.

Functions: Talking about abilities and interests.

Unit 7 In Love

Grammar: Past simple: to be; was/were born; Can for permission;To be like.

Functions: Describing appearance and personality; Describing appearance and personality.

Unit 8 Feelings

Grammar: Past simple: affirmative, negative and interrogative forms; Past simple: regular and irregular verbs.

Functions: Talking about past events; Expressing feelings.

Unit 9 Serendipity

Grammar: Past continuous; Adverbs of manner.

Functions: Talking about temporary events in the past.

Unit 10 Money

Grammar: Compounds of some, any, no, every; Possessive pronouns; Whose...?; Like and Would like.

Functions: Asking for information; Ordering in a restaurant.

Unit 11 Happiness

Grammar: Comparatives; Superlatives of adjectives; as+ adjective + as and less.

Functions: Making comparisons; Talking about location.

Unit 12 Entertainment

Grammar: Wh-words as subject or object; Can, Could and May; Suggestions.

Functions: Asking for and giving opinions; Making suggestions.

Unit 13 Plans

Grammar: Present Continuous for future plans; *to be going to* for future intentions.

Functions: Talking about plans and arrangements; Talking about intentions.

Unit 14 Predictions

Grammar: *Will* for personal opinions and future predictions; *To be going to* for future predictions.

Functions: Expressing personal opinions about the future; Talking about the weather.

DAL TESTO – GRAMMAR LOG- Gatti - Stone ED. MONDADORI FOR ENGLISH

1 LA FRASE INGLESE

I pronomi personali

Il verbo *be*

Il verbo *have*

Il verbo *have got*

Gli interrogativi

2 GLI ARTICOLI

L' articolo determinativo

L' articolo indeterminativo

3 I NOMI

Il plurale dei nomi

Il genere dei nomi

I nomi numerabili e non numerabili

There is/ there are; some/any/no

5 I POSSESSIVI

Gli aggettivi possessivi

Il genitivo sassone

I pronomi possessivi

6 IL PRESENT SIMPLE

Il present simple: forme

Il present simple: uso

7 IL PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Il present continuous: forme

Il present continuous: uso

Il present continuous: uso-futuro

Present simple o present continuous?

I verbi che non ammettono la forma progressiva

11 GLI INDEFINITI

Some, any, no (aggettivi)

Some, any, no (pronomi)

I composti di some, any, no e every

A lot of / lots of, much, many, a little, a few

Enough, too, too much / many

13 I COMPARATIVI E I SUPERLATIVI

Il comparativo di maggioranza (aggettivi e avverbi)

Il comparativo di uguaglianza e di minoranza (aggettivi e avverbi)

Mettere a confronto quantità

I rafforzativi dei comparativi

I superlativi relativi

16 IL PAST SIMPLE

Il past simple del verbo *be*

Il past simple: forma affermativa

Il past simple: forma negativa, interrogativa e risposta breve

Il past simple: uso

Il verbo *used to*

17 IL PAST CONTINUOUS

Il past continuous: forme

Il past continuous: uso

Past simple o past continuous?

18 IL FUTURO

Come esprimere il futuro?

Present simple e present continuous

Be going to

19 I VERBI MODALI

I verbi modali: forma e funzione

Parlare di abilità e capacità

Chiedere il permesso

Esprimere l'obbligo o il divieto

Dare consigli

Fare richieste

Avellino, 09 giugno 2017

L'insegnante

Gli alunni